

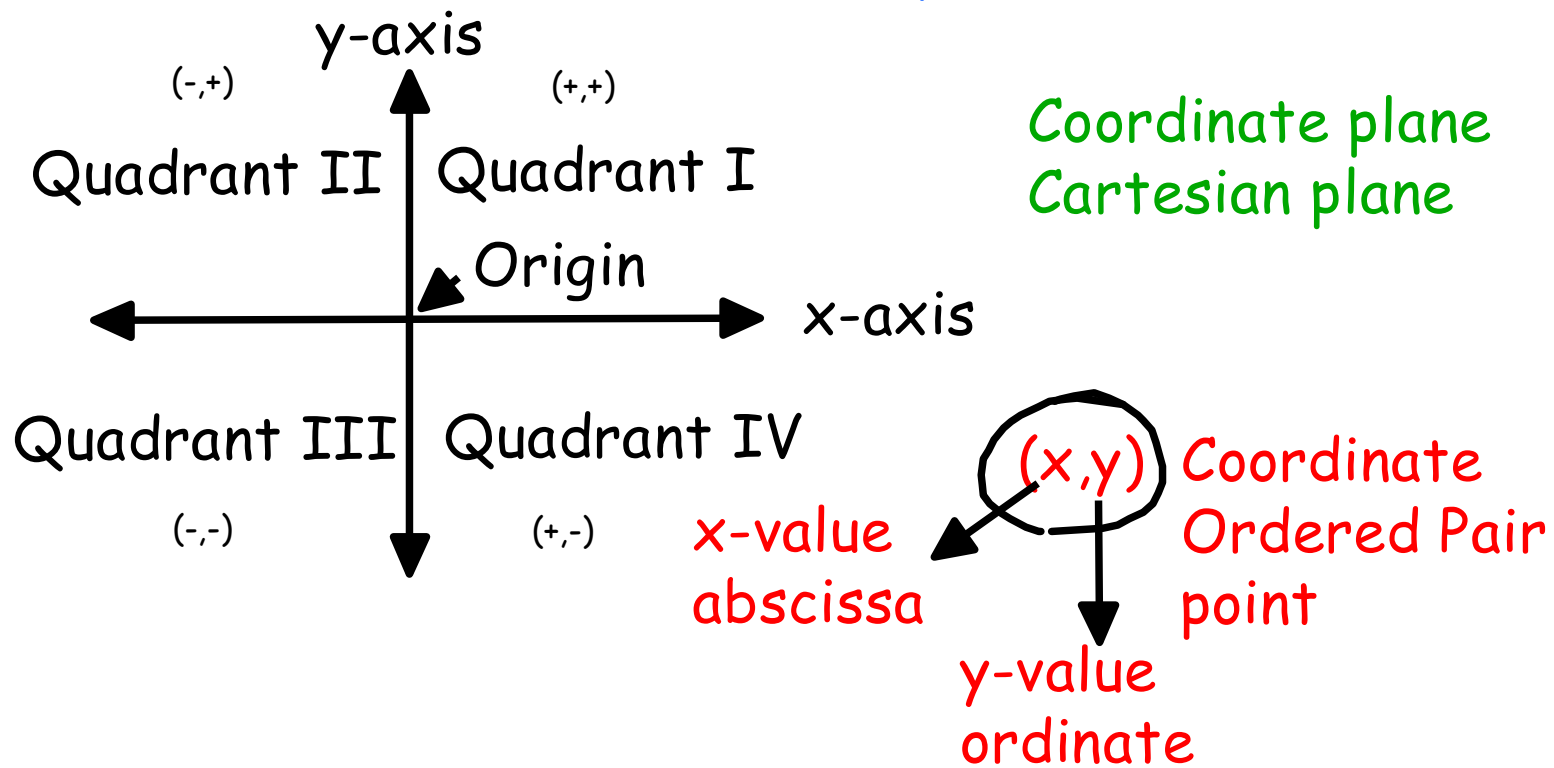
Unit 11

Day 1

The Coordinate Plane

The Slope of a line

### 3.3 Coordinate Plane/Slope of a line



## Slope (m)

$$m = \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$a(x_1, y_1)$     $b(x_2, y_2)$

Ex1: (3, -7)   (1, 1)

$$m = \frac{-7 - 1}{3 - 1} = \frac{-8}{2} = -4$$

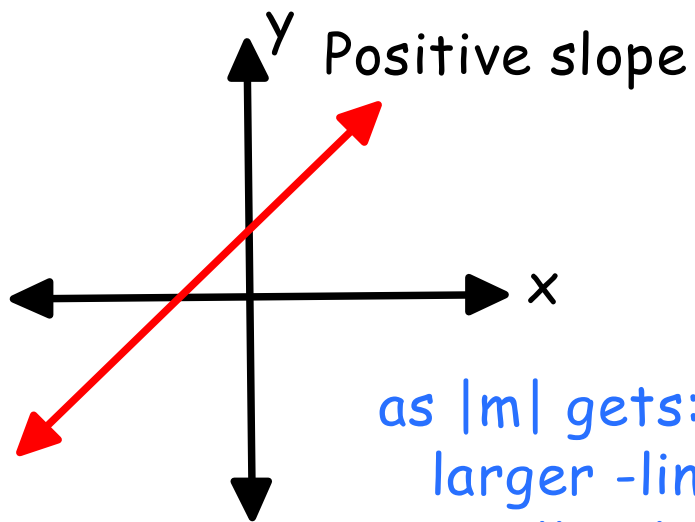
$$m = \frac{1 - (-7)}{1 - 3} = \frac{8}{-2} = -4$$

Ex2: (-4, 1)   (-4, 8)

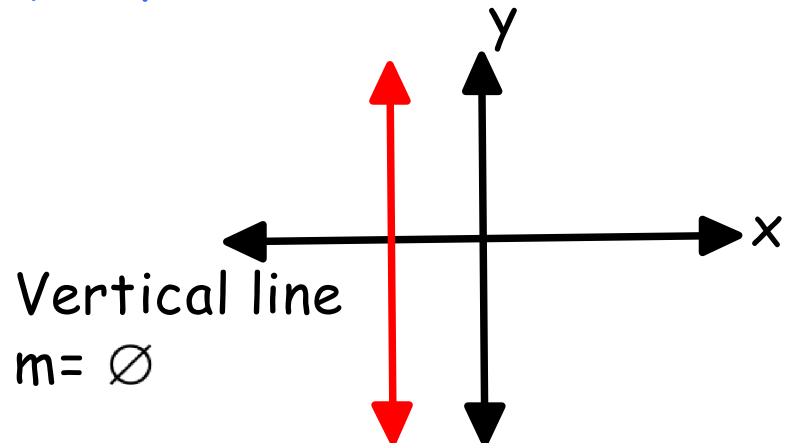
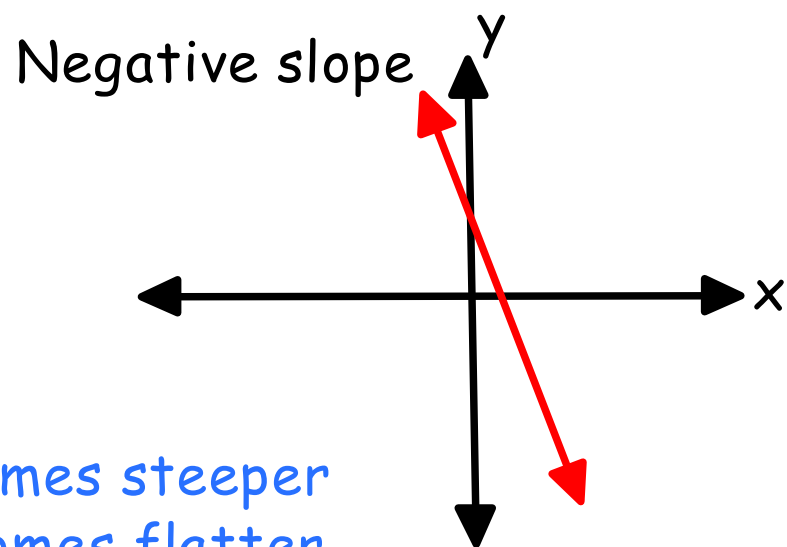
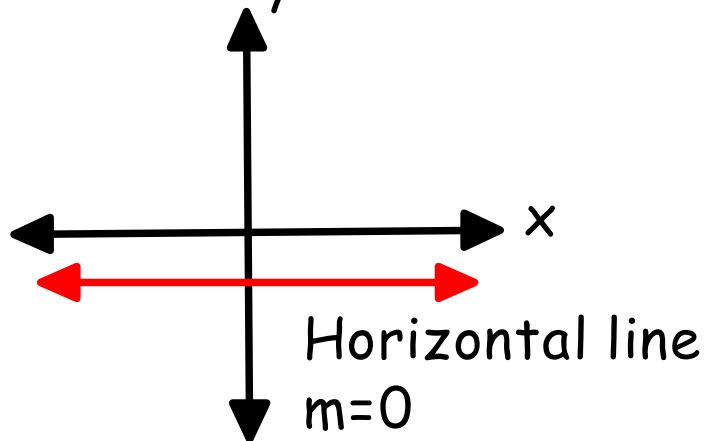
$$m = \frac{1 - 8}{-4 - (-4)} = \frac{-7}{0} \text{ UD}$$

GO TO [GRAPHER.APP](https://www.desmos.com/grapher)

vertical/ horizontal shifts



as  $|m|$  gets:  
larger -line becomes steeper  
smaller -line becomes flatter



## Slope-intercept form of a line

$$y = mx + b$$

$m$  = slope

$b$  = y-intercept (0,  $b$ )

Ex3:

$$3x - 2y = 12 \text{ (standard form)}$$

$$-2y = -3x + 12$$

$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 6$$

$$m = \frac{3}{2}$$

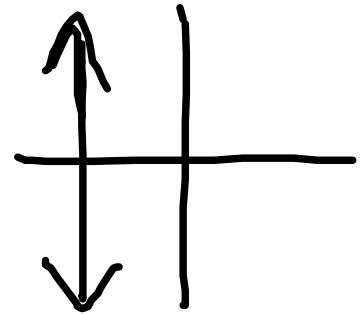
$$b = -6$$

Ex4:

$$x = -3$$

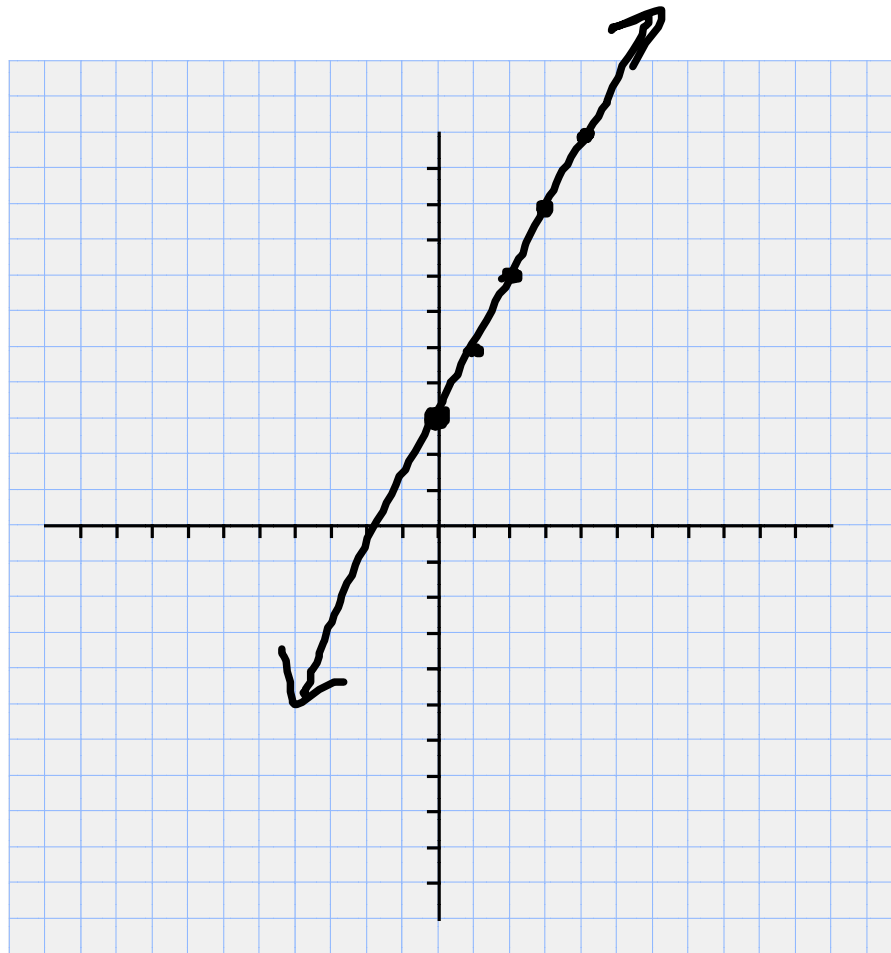
vertical

UD



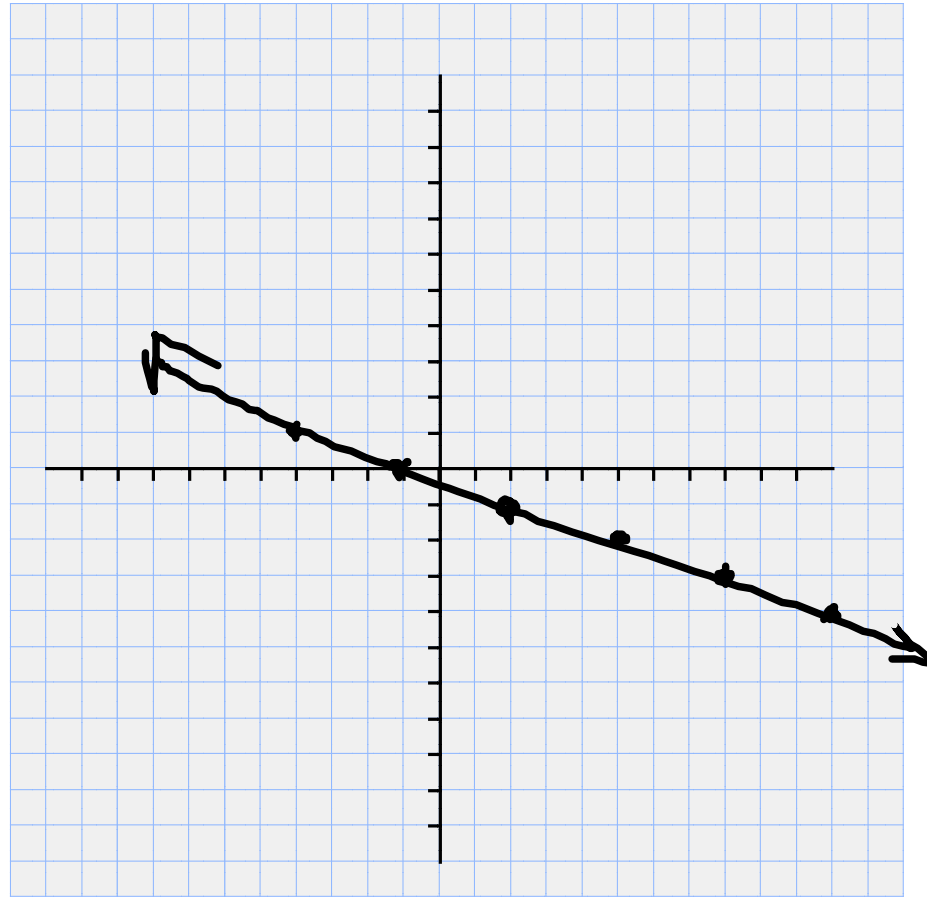
## Graph using Slope

Ex5:  $(0,3)$ ;  $m=2 = \frac{2}{1}$



## Graph using Slope

Ex6:  $(2, -1)$   $m = -\frac{1}{3}$





## HOMEWORK:

P. 205-7: 17-28, 35-44, 49-54, 57-62